



Since 1980

Unnayan Sangha (us)

Dewrpar Chandra, Jamalpur

Annual Report

July 2016 to June 2017



Don't support child labor



US is being working to establish child rights and child friendly school

That Financial Year Donner was



Area Covered by Unnayan Sangha(↕)



The Executive Committee of US



Skh. Md. Mominul Alam
Chairman
Vill. Balair Char
CharShreepur, Sherpur



Mr. Nurul Islam
Vice Charman
Balairchar, Sherpur



Md. Rafiqul Alam Mollah
General Secretary
Vill. Pogol Digha
Sarisabari, Jamalpur



Atikunnahar
Joint Secretary
Pakuria, Sherpur



Abdul Malek,
Cashier
Balairchar, Sherpur



Rebeka Sultana,
Member
Jamalpur Town, Jamalpur



Rowshan Ara
Member
Balairchar, Sherpur

Organogram of the Organization:

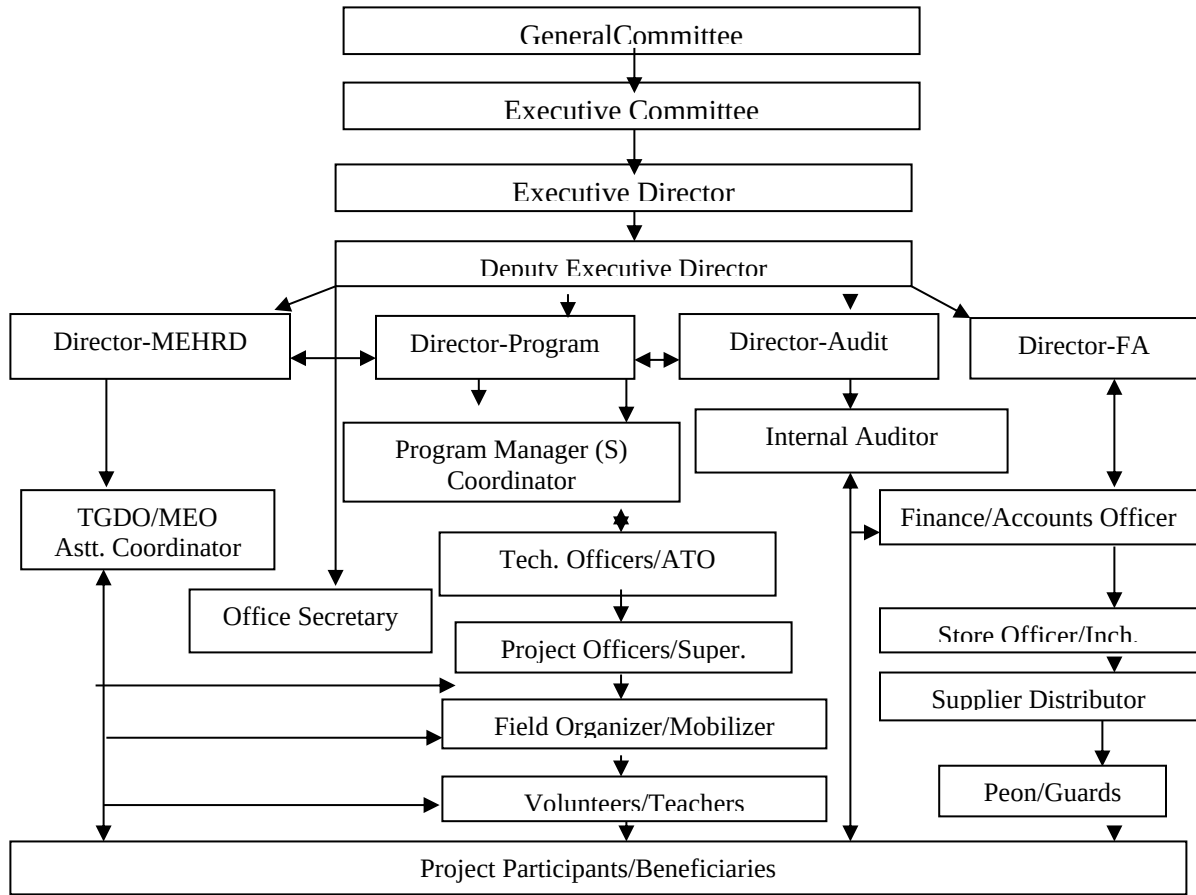


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Senior Staffs of Unnayan Sangha

Consultant	: SamsulHuda
Executive Director	: Md. Rafiqul Alam Mollah
Deputy Executive Director	: Mahbub Ul Huda
Director ME and HR	: Md. Zahngir Alam
Director Finance and Admin	: Md. Ziaur Rahman
Director Audit	: Md. Hazrat Ali
Program Manager (US)	: Ms Minara Parvin
Project Coordinator SAWR	: Mr. Narayan Chandra Das
Finance and Admin Officer	: Mazharul Islam
Resources Mobilization Officer, DTRC	: Md. Ferdous Alam
Monitoring Officer (SMP)	: Md. Shahjahan Mia
Monitoring and Reporting Officer	:Mahmudul Alam Topon
District Hygiene Officer, Mymensingh	:
District Hygiene Officer, Sherpur	: Md. Rafiqul Islam
District Hygiene Officer, Jamalpur	: Md.Mahmudul Hassan
District Hygiene Officer, Narsingdi	: Masud Alam
District Hygiene Officer, Gazipur	: Md. Abu Baker Siddique
District Hygiene Officer1, Kishoreganj	: Anwar Zahid
District Hygiene Officer2, Kishoreganj	: Md. Rabiul Awal
District Hygiene Officer1, Netrokona	: AKM. Maksuduzzaman
District Hygiene Officer2, Netrokona	: Md. Liton Miah

Executive Summery



Unnayan Sangha (US) is a non-government, non-profitable and non-political organization established in 1980 by some of the enthusiastic and benevolent persons of Jamalpur and Sherpur district with a view to help poor people of the area. For running the organization smoothly two different committees are functioning well. The general committee of the organization consisted of 21 members in whom 8 are female and in the executive committee 3 are female out of 7 members.

The head office of the organization is situated in Jamalpur District . It has been working within the 55 Upazilas of Jamalpur, Sherpur, Mymensingh, Netrokona, Kishoreganj, Narsingdi, Gazipur, Tangail Districts.

US works in two different approaches: group based development and community-based development. US mainly Child Focusing Organization.

For the well implementation of the development activities and for ensuring good governance and human rights especially children and women rights, the organization has gained a good partnership Bangladesh Government and networking with different national and international organization including donors, like-European Union(EC), UNFPA, WFP, CANADA (CIDA), UKaid, DFID, WSUP, USAID, AUSAID, CARE Bangladesh, Action aid Bangladesh, Chemonics International, Unicef Bangladesh, Manusher Janno Foundation Aparajeyo-Bangladesh ,NGO Forum etc.

US has a good relationship with different government department like Police, health & family planning, Fisheries & livestock, Agriculture, Social Services and the local administration. In the implementation of the activities, local government helped us by providing logistic and other supports.

Among the above stated activities, some are operated with the financial support of different donors and some other continued with organizational own support.

We are try to receive positively all suggestions and recommendations from any of individuals person and Donner organizations for the overall development of Unnayan Sangha.

Md. Rafiqul Alam Mollah
Executive Director

US Overview

Year of establishment : 1980.

Nature of organization: Non govt. Non-profit & non-political organization.

Legitimacy

Registered under Social service department:
No. Ma-0200/81, Date-01/04/1981.

Registered under NGO affairs Bureau:

No.DSS/FDO/R-310, Date- 29/07/1989

Registered under Micro-Credit Regulatory Authority:

No. 05225-02132-00092, Date: 1January'2008

Registration under Societies Registration Act, XXI of 1860 with Joint Stock Companies and Firms:

No. S-11556 dated 15 October, 2012

Vision:

The vision of the organization is “A society, based on equality, fairness and good governance, which can ensure sustainable development and people’s empowerment”.

Mission:

To work with exploited and disadvantaged groups of the people particularly poor, ultra-poor, Indigenous groups and differently able communities, men, women and children living in plain land, river basin and hilly/haor areas of Bangladesh for their socio-economic development implementing different socio-economic and right based development programs.

Working Area

Division	Districts	Upazilas	Union
Dhaka	Narsingdi	1.Monohordi,2.Belabo,3.NorsingdiSodor,4.Polash, 5.Raipura, 6..Shibpur	70
	Kishoreganj	1.Ostogram, 2.Methamain,3.Tarail, 4.Methamain ,5.Kisorgong Sador, 6.Itna , 7.Bajidpur, 8.Voirob, 9.Karimgonj,10. Pakundea. 11. Hosenpur, 12. Koteade	110
	Gazipur	1.Gazipur Sador, 2.Kaliakoir 3.Kaligonj. 4.Kapasea	44
	Tangail	Tangail Sodor	
Mymensingh	Jamalpur	1.Dewangonj ,2.Islampur, 3.Modergonj ,4.Meladha, 5.Sarisabari, 6. Boksigonj and &. 7. Jamalpur Sador	68
	Sherpur	1.Sherpur Sador, 2. Jhinaigati. 3. Nakla.	45
	Netrokona	1.Mohongonj, 2.Khaliajure,3. Borohata, 4.Kolmakanda,5.Purbo Dhola,6. Netrokon Sador, 7.Kendua, 8.Atpara,9. Modon	86
	Mymensingh	1.Dhubaura, 2. Haluaghat 3. Fulpur,4. Gourepur, 5. Issorgonj 6. Tarakanda, 7.Valuka. 8. Fulbarea, 9. Goforga, 10.Mymensing 11.Nandal, 12.Trisal, 13.Muktagasa	146

Projects phased Out in July 2014- June 2015 period:

Chars Livelihoods Programme (CLP)-2:

Unnayan Sangha (US) worked with CLP-2 since October'11 to May'16 at 31 char village of 5 unions under Islampur Upazila in Jamalpur District with the 5499 core participants House Holds out of 16671. The area is surrounded by the rivers Jumna and Brahmaputra . Over flood, drought and river erosion are very regular which affect the people seriously. the successful implementation of CLP-2 at 31 villages in 5 unions of Islampur upazila under Jamalpur district. The organization implemented various development activities under CLP-2 .

Goal of CLP : to Improve the Livelihood of over one million extreme poor household living on Island chars in north western Bangladesh.

CLP -2 were three units and under every unit were many project and Activities

1. Human Resource Unit

- a) Social development
- b) Primary health care and Family planning
- c) Village Savings and loan
- d) Direct Nutrition Intervention
- e) Land Tenure



2. Market & Livelihood Unit

- a) Asset Transfer
- b) Homestead Gardening
- c) Improved Backyard Poultry Rearing
- d) Cattle Husbandry and Folder cultivation
- e) Livestock service
- f) provider Development
- g) Artificial Insemination
- h) CrossbredCattle Promotion



3. Infrastructure Unit

- a) Infrastructure and Employment
- b) Plinth Raising
- c) Water Intervention

d)HygienicLatrine installation



programme October'11 to May'16.

Though CLP, basically extreme poor households but overall community people were also benefited with different services like-awareness building through mass meeting, campaigning, community mela, cattle & poultry vaccination, homestead plinth raising, new tube well installation & platform construction.

Total 129 staff included work under the programme. A total amount of Tk. 39,39,26,214 (thirty nine crore thirty nine lakh twenty six thousand two hundred fourteen) only utilized for implementing the

Impact:

- 6341 homestead have been plinth raised under CLP working area , after plinth raising at the time of flood that homesteads to use alternative flood center.
- That homesteads are being used for short time around the flood effected people
- Male parent have concussed about women and child health & nutrition
- Female income are being increased day by day
- After increasing female income they are being helped her family
- To take any decision husband & wife
- Women are being empowered

• Development of community support system to improve maternal and neonatal health and accelerating progress to end child marriage

Unnayan Sangha implemented the “Development of Community Support System (ComSS) for Maternal Neonatal and Child Care Services through Community Development Interventions under Joint GOB-UN MNH Initiative Based on the experience and lesson learned from partnership between UNICEF-Bangladesh at 16 Upazila of Sirajganj (09 Upazila) and Jamalpur (07 Upazila) districts at hard to reach area level.

Geographical Coverage:

Jamalpur & Sirajganj District and 07 Upazila (Jamalpur sadar, Melandah, Islampur, Dewanganj, Bakshiganj, Madarganj and Sarishabari) of Jamalpur & 09 Upazila (Sirajganj Sadar, Kajipur, Chuhali, Royganj, Shajadpur, Ullapar, Tarash, Belkuchi, Kamarkadh) of Sirajganj District

The goal of the proposed project was “Reduction of maternal and neonatal mortality and morbidity in Sirajganj and Jamalpur districts with an emphasis on equity issues to achieve MDGs 4 and 5”. The purpose of the project is to “Improve community MNH practices and utilization of quality MNH services, particularly among the poor and marginalized community in Sirajganj and Jamalpur districts”.

Population Coverage :

Coverage - Jamalpur-1985424, Sirajganj-257269

After implemented program have been Positive Change:

- Elder members of the family are aware about ANC PNC, safe delivery, mother care, nutritious food, relax time for pregnant women.
- Religious leaders are playing vital role about maternal health care and they motivate to guardian where is getting services and what to do about pregnant mother, newborn and child marriages
- CG members are taken role to develop and look after CC services through the visit and monthly meeting
- Local govt. Institutes are allocated budget for CC to meet up required logistics and renovation for gear up facility services
- Local administration taking a key role to involve NGO, LGI, Police administration and media for creating awareness and protect child marriages in the community
- Service providers are aware to office time and increased respect to service recipient particularly women and Children



Major Achievement:

- Community Groups (CG) made a shade in front of CC for using as waiting place at Rekhirpara CC in Melandah under Jamalpur district
- Community Groups are arranged budget from Union Parishad with the support of fan, furniture and other facilities in the CC under Jamalpur and Sirajganj districts
- 19 CC has received budget for earth raising and CC roof repairing from the UP of under Jamalpur and Sirajganj districts
- CHVs has able to stop 381 child marriages with the support of WDC member and other stakeholders
- CHVs assists to CHCP for online registrations regarding pregnant mother and under five children
- CG arranged communication cost/ honorarium for 10 CHV's from their CC fund at Islampur and Madarganj under Jamalpur district
- All level of stakeholders recognized CHV's contribution to achieve MDG 4 &5 and they said, It was our duty to support them but not did it. Near future, we will try to arrange support for CHVs

Result:

- Increased awareness about MNH in the community and increased demand as ANC, PNC and referral to the appropriate facilities with support of CG and CHV
- CG members are aware to conduct meeting regularly for look after the CC performance



- Increased referral from community to facility and CG are want to know what's situation of referred mothers/ patient from the authority
- Local Govt. Institutions (UP, UPZ Parishad) expand their hand to support for facility repair maintenances and follow up CHV activity at field level
- CG's are taken role for maintaining proper office time to the facilities and field level
- Every CC generated fund for meet up emergency need as assist to poor mother and newborn

Ongoing program are-

1. Improved Institutional Responses to Children in Contact/Conflict with the Law Project

Unnayan Sangha (US) is started the project “Institutional Responses to Children in Contact/Conflict with the Law” (IRCCL) since January’2016 in partnership with Aparajeyo Bangladesh (AB) with the financial support of European Union. This project duration is January 2016 to December 2019. We have relation build up district administration, Police, Social services department and others stake holder.

Specific objective 1: Protect the rights of children during arrest, detention and trail , It will do so by establishing Child Welfare Desk(CWD) in police station and providing legal representation .

- Established Child Welfare Desk in Jamalpur Sador Police station
- Better Law support 41 Children
- Refreshers training on Children Act 2013 of panel law yers
- Refreshers training on Children Act 2013 of Volunteer and Youth Advocates
- Refreshers training on Children Act 2013 of Project Staffs



Specific objective 2: Divert children away from arrest, detention and imprisonment, where it is in the best interest of the child and promote rehabilitation by promoting community mediation through Child Welfare Committee(CWC) and establishing a bail supervision and support scheme and rehabilitation and reunification programme.

- 33 police officer trained on Children act 2013 and UNCRC in including 7 Child welfare police officer
- Child welfare committee established
- 11 member of child welfare committee



- trained on children act 2013
- 12 children reunified with families through child welfare desks(CWD)
- 3 Children diverted through Child welfare committee(CWC)
- 1 children back to KUK and 1 children send to KUK



Specific objective 3: Lobby the government for juvenile Justice reform and the replication of models of good practice developed.

- District Child welfare board and sador Upozila committee have been formed
- Two Education Campaign and debate have been done

in 10 school by volunteer and youth advocate

- Press media conference has been done on achievement of IIRCCL project
- Poster, leaflet and sticker have been showed for message disseminations on IIRCCL



2. South Asia WASH Result Programme

Unnayan Sangha (US) is being implemented a programme with WSUP Bangladesh for school WASH and hygiene promotion in, 58 Upazilas of Seven Districts (Gazipur, Narsingdi, Kishoregonj, Mymensingh, Netrokona, Jamalpur and Sherpur). The programme is to promote School WASH facilities, hygiene awareness and practices of children in the 3454 primary schools to sustained use of hygienic; and implement and intensive hand washing campaign in primary schools of low income areas in Bangladesh. under Cluster-1 with 3780 Schools. US started this initiative from May 2014.

Activities are –

- 3 Coordination meeting with Civil Surgeon
- 52 Coordination meeting with UEO, AUEO and Head Teachers



- 33 Coordination meeting with Upazilla Health and Family Planning Officer and Health Assistant
- 293 Reformed Little Doctors Group of Govt. Primary School
- 293 Orientation sessions with Little Doctor Groups on school wash activity management
- 237 Refresher sessions with Little Doctor Groups on school wash activity management
- 237 Orientation sessions with Teachers, SMC, PTA on effective use of school hygiene manual, hand washing poster and proper maintenance of hand washing facilities
- 247 Refresher sessions with Teachers, SMC, PTA on effective use of school hygiene manual, hand washing poster and proper maintenance of hand washing facilities
- **22** Organized Soap Campaign at Community
- 16 Learning sharing meeting visit for school backlit, health club, hygiene teacher, SMC, PTA
- 150 Installed low cost hand washing devices at govt. primary school
- 330 Introduced trippy tap at school
- **7** Global Hand Washing Day Observation at District Level
- 44 Lifebuoy Soap distribution among all students of schools



3. School feeding Programme

Unnayan Sangha (US) is being implemented to improve the attendance and to reduce drop out at Schools and to fight nutrition deficiency of the children. Through the name “School Feeding Programme in Poverty Prone Areas’ at Madarganj Upazila in Jamalpur District with the technical and financial assistance from DPE and World Food Programme (WFP). Total 42319 students from government Primary Schools 197, Ebtadayee Madrassas 07 and Primary Schools under Shishu Kallayan Trast 01 total 205. US is being distributed 75 gm nutritious biscuits for each student each day (six days a week) and is being tried to ensues nutrition through the fortified with essential vitamins and minerals rich biscuits. the biscuits is being ensured children meet 67 percent and to concentrate on their lessons.

The Objective of this programme are -

- To increase enrollment and attendance of pre and primary School in the food insecure areas.
- To improve learning ability of the primary school children through deduction of micronutrient deficiencies.
- To enhance GoB Capacity to implement school feeding programme efficiently and effectively

Activities are

- Biscuits was reserved opening this year in warehouse 85.155225 M.T
- Biscuits received to factory



this year 459.0051 M.T

- Delivery plan was reporting year 836.7231 M.T
- 422.26255 M.T. biscuits have been distributed into 42319 students in reporting year.
- 197 primary and 7 Madrassa 205 primary and have been monitored 2856 time in reporting period through cheek list
- Attended 12 monthly teachers coordination meeting
- Attended 4 quarterly teachers coordination meeting in upozilla
- Deworming tablets ensure uses to students girls 20940 boys 19263 total 40203 through primary education directorates, health and family planning directorates and upozilla administration
- Attended 2436 school management committee meeting
- Arranged 430 mothers gathering
- Arranged 487 courtyard meeting
- Established 120 vegetable garden in school
- Home visit have been 2474



Result

- Students attendance 5% increased this reporting period
- Dropout is being reduced
- 10% pass have been increased than previous year
- After monitoring some problem had been find out and have been solved problem through teacher and SMC
- Continues after monitoring school management have been preserved and maintained documents.
- 85% toilet have been used quality in school
- Boys and Girls toilet have separated 61% school
- Water for toilet , ponce and shop have 50% school

4. WASH, Food Security and Nutrition

Unnayan Sangha (US) has been implemented UN joint programme on support for North West Bangladesh Floods (WASH, Food Security and Nutrition with Unicef Bangladesh and NGO forum for public health. Working area was at Paurashava, Noarpara, Chinaduli, Sapdhor, Belgacha & Kulkandi unions of Islampur Upazila and Chukaibari, Charamkova, Chikajani & Bahadurabad unions of Dewangonj Upozilla in Jamalpur district . This programme was started through a survey for listing pregnant and lactating mothers. Every group was formed of 20 members with pregnant and lactating mother for providing support and counseling to Pregnant and Lactating Women (PLW) on nutritional issues. Being selected from the project, these PLW group members participated in three different sessions they received messages on taking care of women during pregnancy and lactation, hygiene and cleanliness, exclusive breast feeding practices, cooking process with optimum nutrition, supplementary food items for children, five

signs of danger during pregnancy period. Programme duration was December 2016 to April 2017

Objective of the Project : To support flood affected population having access to flood resilient WASH (Water, Sanitation & Hygiene) services and ensure improved access to nutritional services among children under age five and pregnant and lactating women (PLW).

Targeted Beneficiary

WASH: 37,500 community people including with different needs (elderly, child, disable)

Nutrition: 7,500 beneficiaries, including 4,500 under 5 children and 3,000 PLW

Outcomes of the project :

1. 37,500 people (7,500 HHs) in the most affected communities of Jamalpur have access to flood resilient WASH services.
2. Improved nutritional status of under five children as well as pregnant and lactating women.

Outputs:

- Safe water options in most affected communities
- Flood resilience latrines constructed for most affected communities
- People reached through WASH hygiene materials and personal hygiene practice sessions
- Screening for malnutrition children among under five to detect malnourished children at facility & community level
- Improved nutritional status among children with Severe Acute Malnutrition(SAM) referral and treatment
- Improved nutritional knowledge on Infant and Young Children Feeding (IYCF) practice among mothers

Acheivement:

Nutrition

- Screening and database for malnutrition amongst 4567 children under five completed
- Organised screening 3000 PLW
- Referral support for 20 children detected with SAM at community level
- Cash transfer of Tk. 3,500 for family of 20 children admitted for SAM treatment
- 450 IYCF session conducted (Infant and Young Child Feeding promotion)
- Unconditional Cash Transfer of Tk. 1,500 for 2000 Pregnant and Lactating Women to cover their additional nutrition needs
- 15 Joint Field Visit with Health Officials completed
- Organized 06 Cooking Demonstration



WASH

- The identification and final selection of the targeted HHs have been completed and based on it the following activities have been performed
- 400 emergency resilience improved latrines constructed
- 160 latrine for people with different needs (elderly, child and disable) constructed
- 100 private bathing cubicle constructed for women
- 333 WASH hygiene sessions have been conducted covering 8925 HHs
- Prepared and distributed of 120 WASH hygiene kits

5. Assistance for Flood affected Women and Girls under Humanitarian Assistance of UNFPA

Unnayan Sangha had taken initiative to design the project of “Assistance for the Flood Affected Women and Girls” under Humanitarian Assistance in partnership with UNFPA. According to the data/ information of the monsoon season in 2016 has caused floods, which since mid-July have caused rivers to rise, and destroyed houses, assets and crops. The situation was more alarming in Jamalpur district where vulnerability in Dewanganj upazila was high. Jamalpur is a poorest district in the country where over 30% of the population is living below the lower poverty line. The findings of the “Multi-sector Rapid Needs Analysis” by the national Humanitarian Coordination Task Team in which UNFPA also joined reveal acute needs for food, nutrition supplements, drinking water and shelters for those who lost their homes. In Jamalpur the worst-affected district, over 68,000 girls and women of reproductive age (15-49 years old) are enduring the effects of the floods. Many of these women and girls are already facing a high risk of GBV even in a normal setting. Jamalpur as the worst hit district have a higher rate of prevalence of violence against women and girls, than the national average. In an emergency situation, these women’s and girls’ vulnerability to GBV increases because of heightened level of stress, restricted mobility and privacy, and disrupted services and weakened protection. In this connection, Unnayan Sangha started project for the flood affected area of Dewanganj “to restore the dignity of flood-affected women and girls through multi-sectoral GBV response. The

Objectives of the project were-

- To increase the access to multi-sectoral services for prevention of GBV and mitigation impact of GBV for the most vulnerable women and girls, to ensure their safety and dignity.
- To strengthen the coordination at the upazila (sub-national) level, including integrating GBV prevention and mitigation.



US completed activities -

- WFS established and functioning
- Community Watch Group Formation
- Organized Staff training
- Organized CWG meeting
- Inception meeting with GO-NGO stakeholders
- Organized staff training through Skype
- Organized meeting with GO-NGO stakeholders on WFS sustainability
- Client referral and conducted
- One to one and Group counseling
- Dignity Kits Distribution
- Community watch group orientation.

6.Development, Training and Resource Center (DTRC):

In 2008, UnnayanSangha established a Training center with residential facilities in Jamalpur Pourasava area. It is named as Development Training and Resource Center (DTRC). It has capacity for 60 residential guests. 2 Hall rooms – one with capacity of 60 people and another is of 25 persons. Other facilities like



A view of DTRC training center



A view of Mango trees at DTRC

dining, library, musical instruments, generator, multimedia projector, computer, OHP etc. are available at this venue. This venue is open for both US projects and other organizations.

